Algebra II Auch

Section 5.2 Date:

Objectives

- Define, identify, and graph quadratic functions.
- Identify and use maximums and minimums of quadratic functions to solve problems.

Vocabulary

Axis of symmetry Standard form-Minimum value-Maximum value-

Example 1

Identify the axis of symmetry for the graph of $f(x) = 2(x+2)^2 - 3$

Rewrite the function to find the value of *h*. Use $f(x) = a(x-h)^2 + k$

$$f(x) = 2(x - (-2))^2 - 3$$

Because h = -2, the axis of symmetry is the vertical line x = -2

Try it!

Identify the axis of symmetry for the graph of $f(x) = (x-3)^2 + 1$

Properties of a Parabola

For $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, where a,b,and c are real numbers and $a \neq 0$, the parabola has these properties: The parabola opens upward if a > 0 and downward if a < 0. The axis of symmetry is the vertical line $x = -\frac{b}{2a}$. The vertex is the point $\left(-\frac{b}{2a}, f\left(-\frac{b}{2a}\right)\right)$.

The y-intercept is c.

Example 2 Graphing Quadratic Functions in Standard Form.

Consider the function $f(x) = x^2 - 4x + 6$

a. Determine is the graph opens upward or downward. Because *a* is positive, the parabola opens upward.

b. Find the axis of symmetry.

The axis of symmetry is given by $x = -\frac{b}{2a}$

$$x = -\frac{(-4)}{2(1)} = 2$$
 The axis of symmetry is the line $x = 2$

c. Find the vertex

The vertex lies on the axis of symmetry, so the x-coordinate is 2. The y-coordinate is the value of the function at this x-value, or f(2).

$$f(2) = (2)^2 - 4(2) + 6 = 2$$
, the vertex is (2,2).

d. Find the y-intercept.

Because c = 6, the y-intercept is 6.

e. Graph the function.

Graph by sketching the axis of symmetry and then plotting the vertex and the intercept point, (0,6). Use axis of symmetry to find another point on the parabola. Notice that (0,6) is 2 units left of the axis of symmetry. The point on the parabola symmetrical to (0,6) is 2 units to the right of the axis at (4,6).



Example 2b Graphing Quadratic Functions in Standard Form.

Consider the function $f(x) = -4x^2 - 12x - 3$

a. Determine is the graph opens upward or downward. Because *a* is negative, the parabola opens downward.

b. Find the axis of symmetry.

The axis of symmetry is given by $x = -\frac{b}{2a}$

$$x = -\frac{(-12)}{2(-4)} = -\frac{3}{2}$$
 The axis of symmetry is the line $x = -\frac{3}{2}$

c. Find the vertex

The vertex lies on the axis of symmetry, so the x-coordinate is $-\frac{3}{2}$.

The y-coordinate is the value of the function at this x-value, or $f\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)$.

$$f\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) = -4\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 12\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) - 3 = 6$$
, the vertex is $\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 6\right)$.

d. Find the y-intercept.

Because c = -3, the y-intercept is -3.

e. Graph the function.

Graph by sketching the axis of symmetry and then plotting the vertex and the intercept point, (0,-3). Use axis of symmetry to find another point on the parabola. Notice that (0,-3) is 1.5 units right of the axis of symmetry. The point on the parabola symmetrical to (0,-3) is 1.5 units to the left of the axis at (-3,-3).



Try it!

For each function, (a) Determine is the graph opens upward or downward, (b) Find the axis of symmetry, (c) Find the vertex, (d) Find the y-intercept, (e) Graph the function.



 $g(x) = x^2 + 3x - 1$

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Example 3 Finding Minimum and Maximum Values

Find the minimum or maximum value of $f(x) = 2x^2 - 2x + 5$. The state the domain and the range of the function.

Step 1. Determine whether or not the function has a minimum or maximum value. Because *a* is positive, the graph opens upward and has a minimum value.

Step 2. Find the x-value of the vertex. h (-2) = 2 = 1

$$x = -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{(2)}{2(2)} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

Step 3 Then find the y-value of the vertex, $f\left(-\frac{b}{2a}\right)$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 5 = 4\frac{1}{2}$$

The minimum value is 4.5. The domain is all real numbers. The range is all real numbers greater than or equal to 4.5, or $\{y | y \ge 4.5\}$.

Try it! Find the minimum or maximum value of $f(x) = x^2 - 6x + 3$. The state the domain and the range of the function.

Try it! Find the minimum or maximum value of $g(x) = -2x^2 - 4$. The state the domain and the range of the function.